

Pending questions :-

Q6. Every morning (a)/ he might kiss (b)/ his beloved (c)/ and set off for work.(d)

Q7. When I was Young,(a)/ I can run (b)/faster than Mohan.(c)/ no error (d)

Q1. You must (a)/ be hurry, (b)/ otherwise you will (c)/ miss the train.(d)

Q2. Would you find me (a)/ absent please do not(b)/ forget to leave a message behind.(c)/ no error (d)

Q3. Shall you pass me that pasta bowl?

(a) Shall pass you

(b) Can you pass

(c) Could passing you

(d) No improvement

Q4. Don't park your car here, the police should tow it away.

(a) ought to

(b) need to

(c) might

(d) No substitution required

Q5. Whatever one may say (a)/ of him, (b)/ none dare call on question (c)/ his honesty of purpose. (d)

Q6. Need you (a)/ to buy (b)/so many books?(c)/ no error (d)

Q7. Do I need finish this work today itself?

(a) Must I to

(b) Need I

(c) No improvement required

(d) Do I must

Q8. You need not tell a lie (a)/ when the judge asked you where you were (b)/ when the crime was committed.(c)/ no error (d)

Q9. My uncle and his family may come late last night, but i am not sure.

(a) would come

(b) might have come

(c) should come

(d) might come

1. **Ans (b) Remove 'be'**
2. **Ans (a) Use 'should' in place of 'would'**
3. **Ans (b)**
4. **Ans (c)**
5. **Ans (c) Use 'dares to call' in place of 'dare call'.**
6. **Ans (b) remove 'to'**
7. **Ans (b)**
8. **Ans (a) Use 'need not have told a lie' in place of 'need not tell a lie'**
9. **Ans (b)**

Could:- Polite request, Remote possibility, Past of 'Can' etc.

Might:- Less possibility, Past of 'May' etc.

Would:- Polite request, Past habit, Past of 'Will' etc.

Mohan's father said to him, " I have donated all my money".

Mohan's father told him that he had donated all his money.

He told me that he can solve all those questions.

He informed me that he may join Aman's batch.

He told me that Ajay will teach us English.

He told me that he shall join Aman's batch.

He asked me if he shall join Aman's batch.

He told me that Salman Khan must be very rich.

He told us that he must go home urgently.

Although he worked hard, he didn't qualify the exam.

- a) he must not qualify the exam.
- b) He shall not qualify the exam.
- c) he couldn't qualify the exam.
- d) No improvement.

Would modal can also be used to show a habitual action of past.

He would/used to take care of us when our parents were out of town.

He would/used to teach me when I was in college.

Ought to:- Moral advice

Should:- General advice

Must:- Obligation, very high possibility

One.....respect one's parents. (ought to/should/must)

One.....love one's country. (ought to/should/must)

You.....study hard for your exams. (ought to/should/must)

You.....obey traffic rules. (ought to/should/must)

You.....reach there on time otherwise he will fire you.

Mohan's father.....be extremely rich as he always comes to school in a Ferrari. (ought to/should/must)

Need/Dare:- Marginal auxiliary verbs

Modal:-

1. Need+not, Dare not
2. Wh word + need/dare + Sub + MV + ?

You need not to come tomorrow as I have already
submitted your application.

He dare not to speak anything against his father.

They do not dare go there at night.

He needs buy some new clothes for the interview.

How dare he to take my books without my permission?

He should not quit his job.

He should not have quit his job.

You should call him.

You should have called him.

The rickshaw driver returned my wallet although
he could keep it.

I should bring some woolen clothes as it is bitterly cold
here and now I have to suffer.

If you had wanted to avoid this case, you should not misbehave with her.

The child might have been saved if the policeman had come on time.

अगर sentence interrogative हो और subject 1st person हो तो Shall का ही use किया जाएगा. किसी भी official statement, legal statement, law या court's order के sense wale sentences के साथ Shall का use किया जाता है...

Will I help you, Sir ?

As per the court orders, the defendant will pay a fine of Rs 10,000.

I declare that I will be responsible for any discrepancy.

अगर sentence में promise, threat, determination या obligation का sense हो तो 1st person के साथ will का और 2nd / 3rd person के साथ shall का use किया जाता है..

You will/shall be rewarded by the King for this brave act.

It is sure that he will/shall succeed.

You will/shall be fired if you don't complete this project on time.

