

ADVANCE VERB

Int HV Adv mv our Adv Obj (n) p Po p Adj Adj Po
 | ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑
 Please don't take us not coming to the party in any wrong sense.

The diagram shows a syntactic tree for the sentence. The root node is 'Int' (Interjection), which branches to 'Please'. The main clause starts with 'don't' (HV), 'take' (Adv), 'us' (mv), 'not coming to the party' (our), 'in any wrong sense' (Adv), and 'in any wrong sense' (Obj (n)). The object 'us' is circled in yellow and has an 'X' written below it. The phrase 'in any wrong sense' is analyzed as 'in' (p), 'any' (Po), 'wrong' (p), and 'sense' (Po). The word 'sense' is also circled in yellow. A yellow arrow points from the 'Obj (n)' node to the 'p' node above 'in'. Another yellow arrow points from the 'Po' node above 'sense' to the 'p' node above 'wrong'.

C S v Adv of P S v obj Px Px p Po
 When we reached there, we found him sitting on the chair.

The diagram shows a syntactic tree for the sentence. The root node is 'C' (Complementizer), which branches to 'When'. The main clause starts with 'we' (S), 'reached' (v), 'there' (Adv of P), 'we' (S), 'found' (v), 'him' (obj), 'sitting' (Px), 'on the chair' (Px), and 'on the chair' (p). The word 'found' is circled in yellow. The phrase 'on the chair' is analyzed as 'on' (p) and 'chair' (Po). A yellow arrow points from the 'p' node above 'on' to the 'Po' node above 'chair'.

insult (n) v/s insulting (g) | study (n) v/s studying (g) | fight (n) v/s
fighting (g)

#Use gerund or nouns after these phrases or adjectives-

Look forward to, With a view to, In addition to,
Pay attention to, Conducive to, Accustomed to,
Prone to, Vulnerable to, Addicted to, Devoted to,
Indifferent to, Object to, Averse to, Opposed to,
(Prefer to) etc.

S HV Phrasal verb ^{fix prep} meeting → PO(N)(G)
We are looking forward to meet you soon. → Adv. ^{obj of gerund}

S V Adv Adv ^{fix prep} insulting → PO(N)(G)
You came here with a view to insult me in front of my family. → obj of g

prone to injuries | prone to getting injuries | prone to getting injured

Fast bowlers are prone to get injuries, so they should take proper rest.

^{fix prep} growing → PO(N)(G)
This type of climate is not conducive to grow cotton. → obj of gerund

I prefer to study / studying at night.

Inf

gerund.

I prefer tea to coffee.

I prefer singing to dancing.

N.E

They want to watch/watching movies.

They enjoy to watch/watching movies.

He repented to watch/watching the movies.

They refused to watch/watching movies.

They denied to watch/watching movies.

Action(main verb)

Action(Semi verb)



1

2

(use infinitive)

2

1

(use gerund)

1

=

2

(use gerund)

- **Verbs that are followed by infinitive:-** Seem, appear, decide, desire, want, try, endeavor, **stop**, hurry, fail, happen, refuse, **forget**, **remember**, promise, prove, etc.
- **Verbs that are followed by gerund:-** detest, mind, resent, avoid, **stop**, excuse, resist, miss, prevent, defer, delay, postpone, consider, engage, admit, appreciate, admire, propose, **forget**, forgive, recollect, **remember**, suggest, risk, etc.

✓
He seems to understand / understanding what we are doing. ✗

✓
She decided to join / joining Aman's batch.

✓
He desires to become / becoming a doctor.

✓
They want to watch / watching a hollywood movie.

I will endeavour to do / doing my best for my country.

The kids hurried to open / opening their presents.

He failed to unlock / unlocking the door.

The officer promised to look into / looking into the matter.

I resent to talk / talking to her friends .

I detest to watch / watching a movie alone.

They avoid to go / going there at night because it is risky.

Please excuse my to interrupt / interrupting you.

She can't resist to eat / eating sweets .

They prevented me to fall / from falling in her trap.

You should delay to go / going there because it is raining heavily.

You should consider to consult / consulting a doctor.

We appreciate your to help / helping us in the project .

Please forgive me to come / for coming late to the party.

I recollect him to say / saying that he saved your life.

I suggest to take / taking him to a doctor as soon as possible.

having.

He forgot to have lunch and opened his lunch box again.

to have

He forgot having lunch and remained hungry whole day.

calling

I remember to call you when I was in Delhi

to call

I remember calling him and will do so at 12 am.

to smoke

He stopped **smoking** behind a shop so that his father can't see him.

smoking

He stopped **to smoke** last year and he is healthy now.

S V Obj Int x Int Adv.
 They decided to go and to stay there.

S V I.O D.O (Int) Obj of Int ↑ D.O (Int) Obj of Int.
 They ordered us to speak the truth or to face the consequences.

It is better to study than to sit idle.

Had better/ Had rather / Would better/ Would rather

के साथ bare infinitive का use होता है...

base form

S \approx Modal go ✓
They had better gone there by bus with Rajesh.

You would better not lose this golden opportunity.

He would rather you won win the race.

Do (forms) + nothing but + bare infinitive.

They did nothing but to ~~watch~~ / ~~watch~~ / ~~watching~~ movies.

They want nothing but to ~~sleep~~ / ~~sleeping~~ peacefully.

We enjoy nothing but to ~~watch~~ / ~~watching~~ hollywood movies.

He decided nothing but to ~~destroy~~ / ~~destroying~~ his enemies.

‘Can’t help’ structure के बाद अगर But आये तो इसके बाद bare infinitive का use होता है और अगर but ना आये तो Gerund का use होता है...

We can’t help but [✗] to laugh/[✓] laugh/[✗] laughing at him.

We can’t help to [✗] laugh/[✗] laugh/[✓] laughing at him.